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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/627,684	07/28/2000		Jaakko Rajaniemi	975.311USW1	3794
32294	7,590	04/22/2005		EXAMINER	
• ,		S & DEMPSEY	SMITH, SHEILA B		
	14TH FLOOR 8000 TOWERS CRESCENT TYSONS CORNER, VA 22182			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TYSONS C				2681	
				DATE MAILED: 04/22/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/627,684	RAJANIEMI, JAAKKO					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
•	Sheila B. Smith	2681					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
Period for Reply		·					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 N	lovember 2004.						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 19-21</u> is/are pending in the a	polication						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 19-21</u> is/are rejected.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	ar						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correc	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
_	n nriority under 35 H.S.C. & 119(a)	\-(d) or (f)					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
•							
Certified copies of the priority document		on No.					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior							
application from the International Burea	•						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1, 2, 6, 19, 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dean et al. (U. S. Patent Number 6,173,173) in view of Rudokas et al. (U. S. Patent Number 6,185,416).

Regarding claims 1,19, and 20, Dean et al. discloses all the claimed invention as set fourth in the instant application, in addition Dean et al. discloses a invalid mobile telephone call terminating system and method further Dean et al. discloses a method for performing a detach of a terminal (mobile phone) registered to a network (mobile service center) by associating an identification for terminal deriving a signature for identification, and allocation a pair consisting of (which reads on client's request number) and "identification signature" (which reads on signature dn.) terminal, method comprising the steps of comprising "sending a detach request" (which reads on kill call request message) detach request including identification and identification signature from registered terminal to network as disclosed (column 7 lines 62-67), receiving detach request at the network side as disclosed (column 4 lines 1-5), comparing received detach request with a record of registration date of terminal kept at the network side request as disclosed (column 8 lines 1-7), detaching terminal from network (which reads on tearing down from the network a call or kill call from the network as disclosed in column 1 lines

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57-67), if received detach request coincides with said record of registration data as disclosed (column 8 lines 1-7). However, Dean et al. fails to specifically disclose detaching a registered terminal from a network.

In the same field of endeavor Rudokas et al. discloses a method and apparatus for fraud control in cellular telephone system. Additionally Rudokas et al. discloses detaching a registered (validated) terminal from a network as disclosed in column 2 lines 25-40.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to improve Dean et al. by modifying a invalid mobile telephone call terminating system and method with detaching a registered terminal from a network as taught by Rudokas et al. for the purpose of preventing the call.

Regarding claim 2, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 1) additionally, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. specifically discloses sending of said detach request message is initiated upon detection of a predetermined state of said terminal (which reads on column 2 lines 16-20).

Regarding claim 6, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 1) additionally, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. specifically discloses wherein said record of registration data contains said pair consisting of said identification and said identification signature (which reads on client's request number) and "identification signature" (which reads on signature dn,), and said comparison is effected for each of said data items forming said pair (which reads on column 7 lines 62-67).

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Regarding claim 21, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 1) additionally, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. specifically a telecommunication system consisting of at least one terminal and at least one network controlling device controlling at least one radio transceiver device, adapted to carry out the method (which reads on column 3 lines 20-27).

3. Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. and further in view of well known prior art.

Regarding claim 3, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 2) however, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. fails to specifically disclose said predetermined state is a power off state.

The examiner contends, however, that the predetermined state is a power off state is well known in the art and at the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify Dean with the teachings of well known prior art since it is known in the art to power the phone off if not in use or if there is no charge on the battery.

Regarding claim 4, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 2) however, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. fails to specifically disclose predetermined state is a low battery state.

The examiner contends, however, that the predetermined state is a low battery state is well known in the art and at the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of Art Unit: 2681

ordinary skill in the art to modify Dean with the teachings of well known prior art since it is known in the art to power the phone off if not in use or if there is no charge on the battery.

Regarding claim 5, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 2) however, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. fails to specifically disclose said predetermined state resides in a removal of a SIM module from said terminal.

The examiner contends, however, that the predetermined state resides in a removal of a SIM module from said terminal is well known in the art and at the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify Dean with the teachings of well known prior art since it is known in the art to use a SIM module for storing information.

4. Claims 7, 8, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. and further in view of Kuriki (U. S. Patent Number 5,765,105).

Regarding claims 7,8, Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. discloses everything claimed, as applied above (see claims 1) however, the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. fails to specifically disclose temporary subscriber and international subscriber identity.

In the same field of endeavor, Kuriki further discloses a communication system capable of using a plurality of subscriber identity media sharing a single subscriber identity information.

In addition Kuriki discloses a international subscriber identity in column 1 lines 25-30.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to improve the combination of Dean et al. in view of Rudokas et al. by modifying a invalid mobile telephone call terminating system and method with the use of a temporary subscriber and international subscriber identity as taught by Kuriki for the purpose of authenticating the number.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed 11/24/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding applicant arguments that Dean fails to teach sending a detach request which includes both the identification and the identification signature from the registered terminal to the network, the examiner contends that column 7 lines 62-67 reads on the client challenge, generates the signature, and formats a kill call request message with the signature, dn (which reads on applicants identification signature), client's request number (which reads on applicants identification), and the command requested. The kill call request message is then sent to the server (which reads on applicants network).

Regarding the use of the Rudokas reference, this reference was used only to disclose the common use of detaching a registered (validated) terminal from a network.

Regarding the use of the Kuriki reference, this reference was used only to disclose the common use of a international subscriber identity.

The examiner standbys and restates the above rejection.

Conclusion

3. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sheila B. Smith whose telephone number is (571)272-7847. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 6:00 am - 3:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Emmanuel Moise can be reached on 571-272-3865. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

S. Smith

Thursday, April 14, 2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER